## LOREN MILLER RESIDENCE

## 647 North Micheltorena Street CHC-2022-786-HCM <br> ENV-2022-787-CE

Agenda packet includes:

1. Final Determination Staff Recommendation Report
2. Commission/ Staff Site Inspection Photos-March 31, 2022
3. Categorical Exemption
4. Under Consideration Staff Recommendation Report
5. Historic-Cultural Monument Application

Please click on each document to be directly taken to the corresponding page of the PDF.

# Los Angeles Department of City Planning <br> RECOMMENDATION REPORT 

## CULTURAL HERITAGE COMMISSION

| HEARING DATE: | May 5, 2022 |
| :--- | :--- |
| TIME: | $10: 00$ AM |
| PLACE: | Teleconference (see |
|  | agenda for login <br> information) |

EXPIRATION DATE: The original expiration date of May 17, 2022, is tolled, and a revised date will be determined pursuant to the Mayor's March 21, 2020, Public Order Under City of Los Angeles Emergency Authority re: Tolling of Deadlines Prescribed in the Municipal Code and April 17, 2020 Public Order Under City of Los Angeles Emergency Authority re: Tolling HCIDLA Deadlines and Revising Expiration of Emergency Orders.

The time to act on this item has been tolled for the duration of the local emergency period.

Please note that other state law provisions may also apply.

CASE NO.: CHC-2022-786-HCM ENV-2022-787-CE

Location: 647 North Micheltorena Street
Council District: 13 - O'Farrell
Community Plan Area: Silver Lake - Echo Park -
Elysian Valley
Land Use: Low Medium II Residential
Zoning: RD2-1VL
Area Planning Commission: East Los Angeles
Neighborhood Council: Silver Lake
Legal Description: West End Ocean View Tract, Lot 126

| PROJECT: | Historic-Cultural Monument Application for the <br> LOREN MILLER RESIDENCE |
| :--- | :--- |
| REQUEST: | Declare the property an Historic-Cultural Monument <br> Gonzalez, Edgar and Eugenia, Trustees <br> Gonzalez Family Trust <br> 647 Micheltorena Street <br> Los Angeles, CA 90026 |
| OWNERS: | Teresa Grimes <br> 40 Arroyo Drive, Unit 101 <br> Pasadena, CA 91105 |
| APPLICANT: | Teresa Grimes and <br> Emily Rinaldi <br> 40 Arroyo Drive, Unit 101 <br> Pasadena, CA 91105 |
| PREPARERS: | That the Cultural Heritage Commission: |
| RECOMMENDATION |  |

## [SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]

Ken Bernstein, AICP, Principal City Planner Office of Historic Resources
[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]
Lambert M. Giessinger, Preservation Architect Office of Historic Resources
[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]
Shannon Ryan, Senior City Planner Office of Historic Resources
[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]
Melissa Jones, City Planning Associate Office of Historic Resources

Attachments: Commission/Staff Site Inspection Photos—March 31, 2022 Historic-Cultural Monument Application

## FINDINGS

- The Loren Miller Residence "is associated with the lives of historic personages important to national, state, city, or local history" as the residence of Loren Miller, a leading Los Angeles-based journalist, attorney, and activist of the civil rights movement.


## CRITERIA

The criterion is the Cultural Heritage Ordinance which defines a historical or cultural monument as any site (including significant trees or other plant life located thereon), building or structure of particular historic or cultural significance to the City of Los Angeles if it meets at least one of the following criteria:

1. Is identified with important events of national, state, or local history, or exemplifies significant contributions to the broad cultural, economic or social history of the nation, state, city or community;
2. Is associated with the lives of historic personages important to national, state, city, or local history; or
3. Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a style, type, period, or method of construction; or represents a notable work of a master designer, builder, or architect whose individual genius influenced his or her age.

## SUMMARY

The Loren Miller Residence is a two-story single-family residential building located on the northwest side of Micheltorena Street between Bellevue Avenue and Marathon Street in the Silver Lake neighborhood of Los Angeles. Built in 1940 by contractor W.H. Terry, it was designed by architect James H. Garrott for attorney, journalist, and civil rights activist Loren Miller, who resided there until his death in 1967. Miller is best known for serving as co-counsel in the 1948 Supreme Court case Shelley v. Kraemer, which determined that racially restrictive housing covenants are unconstitutional.

Loren Miller was born in 1903 in Pender, Nebraska. The son of a formerly enslaved Black father and a white mother, Miller grew up in poverty and developed a drive for justice from a young age. Miller graduated with a law degree from Washburn University in 1928, despite multiple interruptions to his college career due to financial circumstances. Miller ran his own legal practice in Topeka for just a year before moving to Los Angeles, where his mother and siblings had relocated after his father's death. There, Miller took a job as a reporter for the California News, a Black newspaper; in the following years he wrote for a number of other publications and services, including the California Eagle, Talk of the Town (later the Los Angeles Sentinel), the Associated Negro Press, and the New Masses. Miller was connected to many other prominent Black intellectuals, most notably Langston Hughes, with whom he visited the Soviet Union in 1932. He was also a member of the NAACP and the Communist Party of the United States, using his legal expertise to assist both organizations.

From the mid-1930s, Miller began representing a few clients in court, and gradually returned to primarily practicing law. In 1938, Miller defended George Farley, a Black homeowner whose property had been auctioned to a white buyer even though Farley owned it in full. Farley faced

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the death penalty after shooting and killing two deputies who had tried to evict him. Miller won the case and established himself as a key figure in the push to end segregation and housing discrimination. In 1945, he won another major case defending 30 homeowners of color, including Horace P. Clark, Hattie McDaniel, and Louise Beavers, who were sued by white neighbors when they purchased property in the wealthy West Adams neighborhood after racially restrictive covenants had expired. In 1948, Loren Miller joined Thurgood Marshall as co-counsel on the case of McGhee $v$. Sipes, one of three cases regarding racially restrictive covenants that were grouped together with Shelley v. Kraemer by the Supreme Court. The court ruled that these covenants violated the $14^{n}$ Amendment to the Constitution, preventing governments from enforcing them. Miller continued to argue cases involving discriminatory policies, including the People v. Oyama (1948), Takahashi v. California Fish and Game Commission (1948), and Barrows v. Jackson (1953); he also owned and published the California Eagle from 1951 to 1964. That year, he was appointed as a Los Angeles municipal court judge by Governor Pat Brown, a capacity in which he served until his death in 1967.

James Homer Garrott (1897-1991) was born in Alabama and moved to Los Angeles at a young age. Though he lacked a formal architectural education, Garrott received a license in 1928 after several years working under Los Angeles architects and builders, most notably Paul R. Williams. He received his first notable commission, the Golden State Mutual Life Insurance Company's first dedicated office building (HCM \#580), later that same year. With less work following the Great Depression, Garrott studied architecture at the University of Southern California from 1930 to 1934. In the 1940s, Garrott partnered with Gregory Ain, with whom he would collaborate on several projects, including their offices in Silver Lake (1949). With the sponsorship of Williams and Ain, Garrott became the second Black architect to join the American Institute of Architects. Garrott designed over 200 projects during his career, including St. Philip's Episcopal Church (1929, HCM \#987) with Paul R. Williams, his own residence next door to the Miller residence (1940), the Ben Margolis Residence (1941) with Gregory Ain, and the Westchester Municipal Building (1960).

Irregular in plan, the subject property is two stories in height and of wood-frame construction clad in stucco. The roofs are clad in composition shingle. The primary façade faces Micheltorena Street to the southeast and includes a projecting volume on its southern end with a hipped roof, multilite bay window, and brick chimney. The primary entrance, located next to the projection, faces a small porch covered by a metal awning and accessed by two concrete steps. To the right is an attached garage, set back slightly from the rest of the ground floor façade. The garage and entrance sections both feature shed roofs. The second floor is set back and consists of two volumes with hipped roofs; the volume over the garage is set back even further. Fenestration on all elevations consists of multi-lite single-hung windows and undivided vinyl sliding windows.

The subject property has experienced minor alterations that include the construction of a groundfloor addition in 1941, construction of rear second-floor addition and enclosure of the ground-floor patio in 1953, construction of a rear second-story addition in 1957, addition of an awning to the patio in 2006, and replacement of the windows and garage door at an unknown date. During the Commission site visit, it was also noted that some of the interior flooring had been replaced at an unknown date.

SurveyLA, the citywide historic resources survey, identified the subject property as individually eligible for listing under the national, state, and local designation programs for its association with attorney, journalist, and civil rights activist Loren Miller.

## DISCUSSION

The Loren Miller Residence meets one of the Historic-Cultural Monument criteria.
The subject property "is associated with the lives of historic personages important to national, state, city, or local history" as the residence of Loren Miller, a leading Los Angeles-based journalist, attorney, and activist of the civil rights movement. Through his work as an attorney, Miller came to be known as a leader in the civil rights movement against racial segregation and restrictive covenants. He contributed to some of the most important civil rights cases argued before the United States Supreme Court and served as co-counsel for Shelley v. Kraemer, the 1948 landmark Supreme Court case that established the unconstitutionality of racially restrictive housing covenants. As a journalist, he wrote essays for the African American-owned newspaper, The California Eagle, contributed to the founding of the Los Angeles Sentinel, one of the most influential African American newspapers in the United States, and subsequently owned The California Eagle. The Loren Miller Residence is the property most closely associated with the most important period in Miller's career; he lived at the subject property from 1940 to his death in 1967, which corresponds with the period he became a national figure in the civil rights movement to end segregated housing and the use of restrictive covenants.

Despite alterations to the interior and exterior of the subject property, most of these were completed during Miller's residence, and therefore it retains a high level of integrity of location, setting, design, materials, workmanship, and feeling, to convey its significance.

## CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT ("CEQA") FINDINGS

State of California CEQA Guidelines, Article 19, Section 15308, Class 8 "consists of actions taken by regulatory agencies, as authorized by state or local ordinance, to assure the maintenance, restoration, enhancement, or protection of the environment where the regulatory process involves procedures for protection of the environment."

State of California CEQA Guidelines Article 19, Section 15331, Class 31 "consists of projects limited to maintenance, repair, stabilization, rehabilitation, restoration, preservation, conservation or reconstruction of historical resources in a manner consistent with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties with Guidelines for Preserving, Rehabilitating, Restoring, and Reconstructing Historic buildings."

The designation of the Loren Miller Residence as an Historic-Cultural Monument in accordance with Chapter 9, Article 1, of The City of Los Angeles Administrative Code ("LAAC") will ensure that future construction activities involving the subject property are regulated in accordance with Section 22.171.14 of the LAAC. The purpose of the designation is to prevent significant impacts to an Historic-Cultural Monument through the application of the standards set forth in the LAAC. Without the regulation imposed by way of the pending designation, the historic significance and integrity of the subject property could be lost through incompatible alterations and new construction and the demolition of an irreplaceable historic site/open space. The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation are expressly incorporated into the LAAC and provide standards concerning the historically appropriate construction activities which will ensure the continued preservation of the subject property.

The City of Los Angeles has determined based on the whole of the administrative record, that substantial evidence supports that the Project is exempt from CEQA pursuant to CEQA

Guidelines Section Article 19, Section 15308, Class 8 and Class 31, and none of the exceptions to a categorical exemption pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2 applies. The project was found to be exempt based on the following:

The use of Categorical Exemption Class 8 in connection with the proposed designation is consistent with the goals of maintaining, restoring, enhancing, and protecting the environment through the imposition of regulations designed to prevent the degradation of Historic-Cultural Monuments.

The use of Categorical Exemption Class 31 in connection with the proposed designation is consistent with the goals relating to the preservation, rehabilitation, restoration and reconstruction of historic buildings and sites in a manner consistent with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.

Categorical Exemption ENV-2022-787-CE was prepared on April 13, 2022.

## BACKGROUND

On February 3, 2022, the Director of Planning determined that the application for the proposed designation of the subject property as Historic-Cultural Monument was complete. On March 3, 2022, the Cultural Heritage Commission voted to take the subject property under consideration. On March 31, 2022, a subcommittee of the Commission consisting of Commissioners Barron and Kanner conducted a site inspection of the property, accompanied by staff from the Office of Historic Resources. The original expiration date of May 17, 2022, is tolled, and a revised date will be determined pursuant to the Mayor's March 21, 2020, Public Order Under City of Los Angeles Emergency Authority re: Tolling of Deadlines Prescribed in the Municipal Code and April 17, 2020 Public Order Under City of Los Angeles Emergency Authority re: Tolling HCIDLA Deadlines and Revising Expiration of Emergency Orders. The time to act on this item has been tolled for the duration of the local emergency period. Please note that other state law provisions may also apply.


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[^0]Rev. 3-27-2019

# Los Angeles Department of City Planning RECOMMENDATION REPORT 

CULTURAL HERITAGE COMMISSION

HEARING DATE: March 3, 2022
TIME:
PLACE:
10:00 AM
Teleconference (see
agenda for login information)

EXPIRATION DATE: The original 30-day expiration date of March 5, 2022 per Los Angeles Administrative Code Section 22.171.10(e) 1 is tolled, and a revised date will be determined pursuant to the Mayor's March 21, 2020 Public Order Under City of Los Angeles Emergency Authority re: Tolling of Deadlines Prescribed in the Municipal Code and April 17, 2020 Public Order Under City of Los Angeles Emergency Authority re: Tolling HCIDLA Deadlines and Revising Expiration of Emergency Orders

CASE NO.: CHC-2022-786-HCM
ENV-2022-787-CE
Location: 647 North Micheltorena Street
Council District: 13 - O'Farrell
Community Plan Area: Silver Lake - Echo Park Elysian Valley
Area Planning Commission: East Los Angeles
Neighborhood Council: Silver Lake
Legal Description: West End Ocean View Tract, Lot
126

| PROJECT: | Historic-Cultural Monument Application for the <br> LOREN MILLER RESIDENCE |
| :--- | :--- |
| REQUEST: | Declare the property an Historic-Cultural Monument |
| OWNERS: | Gonzalez, Edgar and Eugenia, Trustees <br> Gonzales Family Trust <br> 647 Micheltorena Street <br> Los Angeles, CA 90026 |
|  | Teresa Grimes <br> 40 Arroyo Drive, Unit 101 <br> Pasadena, CA 91105 |
| APPLICANT: | Teresa Grimes and <br> Emily Rinaldi <br> 40 Arroyo Drive, Unit 101 <br> Pasadena, CA 91105 |

## RECOMMENDATION That the Cultural Heritage Commission:

1. Take the property under consideration as an Historic-Cultural Monument per Los Angeles Administrative Code Chapter 9, Division 22, Article 1, Section 22.171.10 because the application and accompanying photo documentation suggest the submittal warrants further investigation.
2. Adopt the report findings.

VINCENT P. BERTONI, AICP
Director of Planning

## [SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]

Ken Bernstein, AICP, Principal City Planner Office of Historic Resources
[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]
Lambert M. Giessinger, Preservation Architect Office of Historic Resources
[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]

Shannon Ryan, Senior City Planner
Office of Historic Resources
[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]
Jonathan Hagar, Student Professional Worker Office of Historic Resources

Attachment: Historic-Cultural Monument Application

## SUMMARY

The Loren Miller Residence is a two-story single-family residential building located on the northwest side of Micheltorena Street between Bellevue Avenue and Marathon Street in the Silver Lake neighborhood of Los Angeles. Built in 1940 by contractor W.H. Terry, it was designed by architect James H. Garrott for attorney, journalist, and civil rights activist Loren Miller, who resided there until his death in 1967. Miller is most known for serving as co-counsel in the 1948 Supreme Court case Shelley v. Kraemer, which determined that racially restrictive housing covenants are unconstitutional.

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From the mid-1930s, Miller began representing a few clients in court, and gradually returned to primarily practicing law. In 1938, Miller defended George Farley, a Black homeowner whose property had been auctioned to a white buyer even though Farley owned it in full. Farley faced the death penalty after shooting and killing two deputies who had tried to evict him. Miller won the case and established himself as a key figure in the push to end segregation and housing discrimination. In 1945, he won another major case defending 30 homeowners of color, including Horace P. Clark, Hattie McDaniel, and Louise Beavers, who were sued by white neighbors when they purchased property in the wealthy West Adams neighborhood after racially restrictive covenants had expired. In 1948, Loren Miller joined Thurgood Marshall as co-counsel on the case of McGhee $v$. Sipes, one of three cases regarding racially restrictive covenants that were grouped together with Shelley v. Kraemer by the Supreme Court. The court ruled that these covenants violated the $14^{\text {th }}$ Amendment to the Constitution, preventing governments from enforcing them. Miller continued to argue cases involving discriminatory policies, including the People v. Oyama (1948), Takahashi v. California Fish and Game Commission (1948), and Barrows v. Jackson (1953); he also owned and published the California Eagle from 1951 to 1964. That year, he was appointed as a Los Angeles municipal judge by Governor Pat Brown, a capacity in which he served until his death in 1967.

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(1940), the Ben Margolis Residence (1941) with Gregory Ain, and the Westchester Municipal Building (1960).

Irregular in plan, the subject property is two stories in height and of wood-frame construction clad in stucco. The roofs are clad in composition shingle. The primary façade faces Micheltorena Street to the southeast and includes a projecting volume on its southern end with a hipped roof, multilite bay window, and brick chimney. The primary entrance, located next to the projection, faces a small porch covered by a metal awning and accessed by two concrete steps. To the right is an attached garage, set back slightly from the rest of the ground floor façade. The garage and entrance sections both feature shed roofs. The second floor is set back and consists of two volumes with hipped roofs; the volume over the garage is set back even further. Fenestration on all elevations consists of multi-lite single-hung windows and undivided vinyl sliding windows.

The subject property has experienced minor alterations that include the construction of a groundfloor addition in 1941, construction of rear second-floor addition and enclosure of the ground-floor patio in 1953, construction of a rear second-story addition in 1957, addition of an awning to the patio in 2006, and replacement of the windows and garage door at an unknown date.

SurveyLA, the citywide historic resources survey, identified the subject property as individually eligible for listing under the national, state, and local designation programs for its association with attorney, journalist, and civil rights activist Loren Miller.

## CRITERIA

The criterion is the Cultural Heritage Ordinance which defines a historical or cultural monument as any site (including significant trees or other plant life located thereon), building or structure of particular historic or cultural significance to the City of Los Angeles if it meets at least one of the following criteria:

1. Is identified with important events of national, state, or local history, or exemplifies significant contributions to the broad cultural, economic or social history of the nation, state, city or community;
2. Is associated with the lives of historic personages important to national, state, city, or local history; or
3. Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a style, type, period, or method of construction; or represents a notable work of a master designer, builder, or architect whose individual genius influenced his or her age.

## FINDINGS

Based on the facts set forth in the summary and application, the Commission determines that the application is complete and that the property may be significant enough to warrant further investigation as a potential Historic-Cultural Monument.

## BACKGROUND

On February 3, 2022, the Director of Planning determined that the application for the proposed designation of the subject property as Historic-Cultural Monument was complete. The original 30day expiration date of March 5, 2022 per Los Angeles Administrative Code Section 22.171.10(e)1

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647 North Micheltorena Street
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is tolled, and a revised date will be determined pursuant to the Mayor's March 21, 2020 Public Order Under City of Los Angeles Emergency Authority re: Tolling of Deadlines Prescribed in the Municipal Code and April 17, 2020 Public Order Under City of Los Angeles Emergency Authority re: Tolling HCIDLA Deadlines and Revising Expiration of Emergency Orders.

## HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT <br> NOMINATION FORM

1. PROPERTY IDENTIFICATION


## 2. CONSTRUCTION HISTORY \& CURRENT STATUS

| Year built: 1940 | Factual | Estimated |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Architect/Designer: James H. Garrott | Contractor: W. H. Terry |  |
| Original Use: Single-Family Residence | Present Use: Single-Family Residence |  |
| Is the Proposed Monument on its Original Site? | Nos (explain in section 7) |  |

## 3. STYLE \& MATERIALS

| Architectural Style: Select from menu or type style directly into box |  | Stories:2 | Plan Shape: Irregular |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FEATURE | SRIMARY | Type: Concrete poured/precast |  |
| CONSTRUCTION | Type: Wood | Material: Select |  |
| CLADDING | Material: Select | Type: Shed |  |
| ROOF | Type: Select | Material: Composition shingle | Type: Sliding |
|  | Type: Single-hung | Material: Vinyl |  |
|  | Material: Vinyl | Style: Select |  |
| ENTRY | Style: Centered | Type: Select |  |
| DOOR | Type: Paneled, unglazed |  |  |

## 4. ALTERATION HISTORY

| List date and write a brief description of any major alterations or additions. This section may also be completed on a separate document. <br> Include copies of permits in the nomination packet. Make sure to list any major alterations for which there are no permits, as well. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1941 | Construction of a first-story addition. |
| 1953 | Construction of a rear secondstory addition and deck. |
| 1953 | Enclosure of the first-story patio. |
| 1957 | Construction of a rear second-story addition. |
| 2006 | Errection of a new awning of the patio. |
| Unk. | Original garage door and window sashes all appear to have been removed and replar |
|  |  |
|  |  |

5. EXISTING HISTORIC RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION (if known)

|  | Listed in the National Register of Historic Places |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Listed in the California Register of Historical Resources |  |
|  | Formally determined eligible for the National and/or California Registers |  |
|  | Located in an Historic Preservation Overlay Zone (HPOZ) | Contributing feature Non-contributing feature |
| $\checkmark$ | Determined eligible for national, state, or local landmark status by an historic resources survey(s) | Survey Name(s): <br> SurveyLA, African American History Context |
| Other historical or cultural resource designations: |  |  |

## 6. APPLICABLE HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT CRITERIA

| The proposed monument exemplifies the following Cultural Heritage Ordinance Criteria (Section 22.171.7): |
| :--- |
| $\square$ |
| 1. Is identified with important events of national, state, or local history, or exemplifies significant contributions to the <br> broad cultural, economic or social history of the nation, state, city or community. |
| 2. Is associated with the lives of historic personages important to national, state, city, or local history. |
| 3. Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a style, type, period, or method of construction; or represents a notable <br> work of master designer, builder, or architect whose individual genius influenced his or her age. |

## HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT NOMINATION FORM

## 7. WRITTEN STATEMENTS

This section allows you to discuss at length the significance of the proposed monument and why it should be designated an Historic-Cultural Monument. Type your response on separate documents and attach them to this form.
A. Proposed Monument Description - Describe the proposed monument's physical characteristics and relationship to its surrounding environment. Expand on sections 2 and 3 with a more detailed description of the site. Expand on section 4 and discuss the construction/alteration history in detail if that is necessary to explain the proposed monument's current form. Identify and describe any characterdefining elements, structures, interior spaces, or landscape features.
B. Statement of Significance - Address the proposed monument's historic, cultural, and/or architectural significance by discussing how it satisfies the HCM criteria you selected in Section 6. You must support your argument with substantial evidence and analysis. The Statement of Significance is your main argument for designation so it is important to substantiate any claims you make with supporting documentation and research.

## 8. CONTACT INFORMATION

## Applicant

| Name: Teresa Grimes | Company: Teresa Grimes \| Historic Preservation |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Street Address: 40 Arroyo Drive, Unit 101 | City: Pasaadena | State: CA |  |
| Zip:91105 | Phone Number: $323-868-2391$ | Email:teresa.grimes@icloud.com |  |

Property Owner Is the owner in support of the nomination? Yes No Unknown

| Name: Gonzalez, Edgar and Eugenia Trustees |  | Company: Gonzales Family Trust |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Street Address: | 647 Micheltorena Street | City: Los Angeles | State: CA |
| Zip: 90026 | Phone Number: | Email: |  |

## Nomination Preparer/Applicant's Representative

| Name: Teresa Grimes and Emily Rinaldi | Company: Teresa Grimes \| Historic Preservation |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Street Address: 40 Arroyo Drive, Unit 101 | City: Pasadena | State: CA |
| Zip: 91105 | Phone Number: $323-868-2391$ | Email:teresa.grimes@icloud.com |

## HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT NOMINATION FORM

## 9. SUBMITTAL

When you have completed preparing your nomination, compile all materials in the order specified below. Although the entire packet must not exceed 100 pages, you may send additional material on a CD or flash drive.

## APPLICATION CHECKLIST

1.Nomination Form
2.
3.

- Bibliography

4. 

Two Primary Photos of Exterior/Main Facade ( $8 \times 10$, the main photo of the proposed monument. Also email a digitial copy of the main photo to: planning.ohr@lacity.org)
5. Copies of Primary/Secondary Documentation
6. Copies of Building Permits for Major Alterations (include first construction permits)
7. Additional, Contemporary Photos
8. Historical Photos
9. Zimas Parcel Report for all Nominated Parcels (including map)
10. RELEASE

Please read each statement and check the corresponding boxes to indicate that you agree with the statement, then sign below in the provided space. Either the applicant or preparer may sign.


I acknowledge that all documents submitted will become public records under the California Public Records Act, and understand that the documents will be made available upon request to members of the public for inspection and copying.

I acknowledge that all photographs and images submitted as part of this application will become the property of the City of Los Angeles, and understand that permission is granted for use of the photographs and images by the City without any expectation of compensation.
I acknowledge that I have the right to submit or have obtained the appropriate permission to submit all information contained in this application.


Mail your Historic-Cultural Monument Submittal to the Office of Historic Resources.

Office of Historic Resources
Department of City Planning
221 N. Figueroa St., Ste. 1350
Los Angeles, CA 90012

Phone: 213-874-3679
Website: preservation.lacity.org

## A. Proposed Monument Description

The Loren Miller Residence is located at 647 Micheltorena Street between Bellevue Avenue and Marathon Street in the Silver Lake neighborhood of the City of Los Angeles. The property is located just south of the center of the block on the west side of the street. It is surrounded primarily by one or two-story single and multi-family residences with the exception of the Holy Virgin Mary Russian Orthodox Church, which is located on the opposite side of the street. The property is rectangular in shape and approximately 50 feet wide and 150 feet long. The residence faces east and is set back from Micheltorena Street. A concrete driveway near the north end of the property leads to the main entrance and attached garage. A grassy lawn is located to the north and south of the driveway. The property is landscaped with various small shrubs.

The single-family residence has a wood-framed structure sheathed in lightly textured stucco. It is irregular in plan and one-to-two stories in height with a second story setback on the east or primary elevation. A one-story wing with a rectangular plan is located at the south corner on the west or rear elevation. To the north of the wing is a covered patio. The residence has a combination hipped and shed roof clad in composition shingles with wood fascia and frieze board. A hipped roof covers most of the residence with shed roofs located above the garage at the north end of the primary elevation and over the rear of the second story. There is a brick chimney located near the east corner of the south or side elevation.

The main entrance is located at the center of the primary elevation within a small porch. The entrance door is covered by a metal security gate. The porch features a metal awning and railing. It is accessed via two concrete steps. The window openings are rectangular and generally infilled with single-hung or sliding vinyl sashes. There is a bay window to the south of the main entrance that has fixed and single-hung vinyl sashes.

The property has not been substantially altered from the period between 1940 and 1967 when Miller lived there. Alterations undertaken by Miller prior to 1967 include the following: the construction of an addition to the first story in 1941; the construction of a rear second story addition and deck as well as the enclosure of the first-story patio in 1953; and the construction of another rear addition in 1957. ${ }^{1}$ The only alteration noted in the building permit record after 1967 is for the addition of a new awning over the rear patio in 2006. ${ }^{2}$ Additionally, the original garage door and window sashes all appear to have been removed and replaced at an unknown date. The property retains all aspects of integrity.

The property was surveyed from the public right-of-way with no access to the interior of the residence. As a result, the existing condition of the interior is not known.

## B. Statement of Significance

The Loren Miller Residence is significant under Criterion 2 of the Cultural Heritage Ordinance for its association with Loren Miller, a leading Los Angeles-based journalist, attorney, and activist of the Civil Rights movement. The property meets the eligibility standards in the African American History of Los Angeles Context Statement for the Civil Rights theme. Miller contributed to some of the most important civil rights cases argued before the United States Supreme Court and served as co-counsel for Shelley v. Kraemer (1948), the landmark Supreme Court case that

[^1]established the unconstitutionality of racially restrictive housing covenants. As a journalist, he wrote essays for the African American-owned newspaper, The California Eagle, contributed to the founding of the Los Angeles Sentinel, and subsequently owned The California Eagle. The period of significance for the residence is 1940 to 1967, which corresponds with the period Miller resided at the property from its construction until his death.

Miller's accomplishments as a journalist, attorney, and activist are well documented in Amina Hassan's definitive biography, Loren Miller: Civil Rights Attorney and Journalist. ${ }^{3}$ His contributions are also detailed in Representing the Race, Kenneth W. Mack's history of African American civil rights lawyers, in Bound for Freedom, Douglas Flamming's Los Angeles history of African Americans before World War II, and in L.A. City Limits, Josh Sides' Los Angeles history of African Americans after World War II. ${ }^{4}$

Miller was born on January 20, 1903 in Pender, Nebraska. He was the second of seven children born to John Bird Miller, who was formerly enslaved, and Nora Magdalena Herbaugh, a white Midwesterner. As a young boy, Miller was an avid reader and demonstrated a considerable enthusiasm for learning. Hassan posits that Miller's love for books arose, at least in part, as a means to escape his family's challenging circumstances. The Millers suffered from poverty and hunger, and as a result, moved often throughout Miller's early years to stay ahead of eviction and debt collection. These experiences were foundational for the future journalist and civil rights lawyer. Hassan notes that "the reality of his poverty would steer his future course to change the human condition." ${ }^{5}$

In order to be closer to John Bird's extended family, the Millers moved to Highland, Kansas in June 1913, where Loren spent the remainder of his childhood. Miller left Highland for the University of Kansas in 1920. Lacking steady means to pay for his education, Miller worked throughout college and took a year off in 1921-1922 to save money for school. He later left the University of Kansas in 1923 to attend Washburn University. Miller then briefly attended Howard University in 1926 before returning to Washburn where he graduated with a Bachelor of Laws degree in 1928. Throughout his time in college, Miller felt pulled in opposite directions between his love of writing and his eagerness to firmly establish himself in the professional class. ${ }^{6}$ In his 1926 prize-winning essay, "College," for The Crisis magazine, Miller writes, "You will show them just how far you will rise in spite of them. You will be ruthless and make them give you a place. You plunge into law. You secretly loathe it." ${ }^{7}$ Despite his strong desire to pursue creative writing, Miller chose to practice law upon graduation, opening a private practice in Topeka.

After the death of their father in 1920, Miller's siblings gradually moved from Kansas to Los Angeles until by 1928 his whole family lived in California, including Miller's mother. Miller was the last of his family to arrive, closely following the sudden death of his sister Ruby Lillie Holmes in 1929. According to the U.S. Census, the Miller family resided in a three-bedroom bungalow at

[^2]1446 E. $22^{\text {nd }}$ Street by $1930 .{ }^{8}$ Instead of establishing another law practice in Los Angeles, Miller began a new career in journalism, working as a reporter for a small African American-owned newspaper called the California News. Miller's cousin, Leon H. Washington, Jr., shortly moved from Kansas City to Los Angeles and joined him at the newspaper. ${ }^{9}$ In 1931, the two young journalists began writing for the California Eagle, one of Los Angeles' longest running African American-owned newspapers at the time.

While at the Eagle, Miller cultivated his voice on matters of racism and class discrimination through his weekly newspaper column and position as city editor. ${ }^{10}$ He quickly gained local prominence and struck up friendships with other Black American intellectuals such as the writer Langston Hughes. ${ }^{11}$ It was also around this time he joined the radical left and started working with the local International Labor Defense (ILD), the legal arm of the Communist Party of the United States (CPUSA). Through his work at the Eagle and the Communist Party, Miller was invited to go to the Soviet Union in June 1932 to make a film with 21 other prominent African American writers and intellectuals, including Hughes. Its purpose was to exhibit the racism and segregation of the American South in opposition to the Soviet Union's policies related to the country's national minorities. Although the film was never released, the experience proved formative for Miller, who wrote "I cannot emphasize too much the tremendous impression made on me by the success of the policy of self-determination for minor nationalities [in the Soviet Union]." ${ }^{12}$ He returned from the trip with a renewed desire to actively challenge the racism and class inequality widespread throughout American society.

During his trip to the Soviet Union, Miller's writing reached a national audience through dispatches in the Associated Negro Press (ANP) and syndication of his column through the Southern Newspaper Syndicate. ${ }^{13}$ Upon his return, he resumed his duties as city editor at the Eagle but left shortly after to help Washington establish Town Talk, the precursor to the Los Angeles Sentinel. The Sentinel would grow to become one of the most influential African American newspapers in the United States and continues to operate today. Hassan notes in her biography that Miller's contribution as a cofounder of the Sentinel "usually goes uncredited." ${ }^{14}$ Miller's early work at the Sentinel included numerous articles and editorials without a byline. By 1935, he had joined the leftist journal New Masses, moving to New York for about a year before returning to Los Angeles. Simultaneous with his expanding journalistic work, Miller began to lend his legal expertise to the Los Angeles NAACP chapter, becoming a member of its legal committee in 1934. ${ }^{15}$

In 1933, Miller married Juanita Ellsworth, a graduate of the University of Southern California's School of Social Work and social case worker at Los Angeles's Bureau of Welfare. Despite their combined income, the financial pressure of supporting a growing family prompted Miller to move away from being a full-time writer and reestablish his legal practice. He began accepting the occasional client in the mid-1930s and gradual grew his practice, mostly working on small-fee

[^3]divorce and probate cases. He occasionally represented clients such as Allen Woodward and Aaron Johnson, who were refused service at a local drug store because of their race, as well as Horace Hampton, who was brutalized by the police. ${ }^{16}$

His first high profile case concerned a man named George Farley, who Miller successfully defended against the death penalty in $1938 .{ }^{17}$ Farley had killed two deputy marshals who had come to his property to evict him from his home. While Farley owned his home and had paid off his mortgage in 1929, his house was secretly auctioned off to a white purchaser in 1938 to pay for an outstanding street assessment bond. This story was familiar to many in Los Angeles where the pervasive use of restrictive housing policies regularly led to the dispossession of Black American homeowners. Such racist policies were employed by white-controlled government agencies, realty and homeowner associations, as well as informally by individuals to control where African Americans could live in the city. ${ }^{18}$ Most commonly used was the restrictive covenant which were legal clauses written into property deeds that dictated the property could only be sold or rented to white people or else the owner could lose the property. Through his work on the widely publicized Farley case, Miller soon became known as a leader in the movement against racial segregation and restrictive covenants.

Shortly following the Farley case, Miller and Juanita commissioned their friend, architect James H. Garrott, to design a new home for their family in Silver Lake, one of the neighborhood centers of progressive politics in Los Angeles during this period. ${ }^{19}$ City directories note that the Millers had been previously living in a fourplex at 207 E. 45th Street. Garrott was the second Black American architect to be admitted to the American Institute of Architects (AIA) after Paul R. Williams. ${ }^{20}$ He began his career working for Williams in the 1920s, during which he contributed to the design of the first Golden State Mutual Life Insurance building (1928), and later formed a lose partnership with architect Gregory Ain in the 1940s. ${ }^{21}$ Garrott designed over 200 buildings over the course of his career, including the Garrott Architectural Offices (1949) at 2305 Hyperion Avenue and the Westchester Municipal Building (1960) at 7000 W. Manchester Avenue. The Miller Residence at 647 Micheltorena Street was completed in 1940 around the time Garrott was embarking on his partnership with Ain. It was also the same year Garrott designed a residence for his own family located immediately next door at 653 Micheltorena Street. ${ }^{22}$

During World War II, Miller began focusing more of his legal practice on restrictive covenant work, and by the end of the war, he had emerged as a national figure. He was appointed to the NAACP's national legal committee in 1945 and from there, he shaped the organization's legal strategy for challenging restrictive covenants which shifted to emphasize violations of the Fourteenth Amendment. It was also around this time he won his most well-known Los Angeles covenant case. The Sugar Hill case, as it is commonly known, concerned a group of approximately 30 wealthy non-white homeowners in a predominately white neighborhood in West Adams Heights. ${ }^{23}$ Codefendants included businessman Horace P. Clark as well as actors Louise Beavers and Hattie

[^4]McDaniel. ${ }^{24}$ All had purchased property after covenants restricting non-whites from owning or leasing property in the area expired in the 1930s. The white homeowner association sued to enforce the covenants, but lost in the Los Angeles Superior Court. Judge Thurmond Clarke remarked in his dismissal of the case that "the court is of the opinion that it is time that members of the Negro race are accorded without reservation and evasion the full rights guaranteed them under the 14th Amendment of the Federal Constitution." ${ }^{25}$ The white homeowners later appealed and lost again in the California Supreme Court.

Miller's determined pursuit of ending segregated housing and restrictive covenants culminated in his work on Shelley v. Kraemer in 1948. To hear the case, the U.S. Supreme Court consolidated Shelley v. Kraemer with three other restrictive covenant cases that included McGhee v. Sipes, Hurd v. Hodge, and Uriciolo v. Hodge. Miller was asked by the NAACP to argue the Sipes case, involving Orsel McGhee and his wife Minnie S. McGhee, who purchased a home in Detroit in violation of a local covenant. Thurgood Marshall, one of the most prominent lawyers of the Civil Rights movement and later the first African American Supreme Court Justice, lead the team of lawyers as well as appointed himself co-counsel with Miller on the Sipes case. ${ }^{26}$ By a vote of 6 to 0 (with three judges not sitting), the Supreme Court ruled that the state's enforcement of restrictive covenants constituted a state action denying due process of law in violation of the 14th Amendment to the Constitution. ${ }^{27}$ While Shelley v. Kraemer did not outlaw covenants (only a state's enforcement of the practice), the landmark case strongly reinforced the $14^{\text {th }}$ Amendment's guarantee of equal protection of the laws.

Following Shelley v. Kraemer, Miller went on to assist his colleague Abraham Lincoln Wirin (A.L. Wirin) and the Japanese American Citizen League in challenging discriminatory laws such as the California Alien Land Law in the People v. Oyama (1948) and California fishing license restrictions in Takahashi v. California Fish and Game Commission (1948). ${ }^{28} \mathrm{He}$ argued a second restrictive covenant case at the Supreme Court, Barrows v. Jackson, in 1953 as well as write the majority of the briefs for Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka in 1954. He continued run his law firm, and later became the owner and publisher of the California Eagle in 1951. In 1964, he was appointed to the Los Angeles Municipal Court by California Governor Edmund Gerald "Pat" Brown and subsequently sold the California Eagle. During his service as a municipal judge, Miller completed his book The Petitioners: The Story of the Supreme Court of the United States and the Negro. Miller passed away on July 14, 1967.

Miller is significant as one of the most prominent journalists, attorneys, and activists of the Civil Rights movement in the United States. He argued two landmark civil rights cases before the U.S Supreme Court, Shelley v. Kraemer and Barrows v. Jackson, as well as played a key role in Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka. The Loren Miller Residence is the property most closely associated with the most important period in Miller's career. Miller lived at 647 Micheltorena Street from 1940 to his death in 1967, which corresponds with the period he became a national figure in the movement to end segregated housing and the use of restrictive covenants. Other residential

[^5]properties such as 1446 E. $22^{\text {nd }}$ Street and 207 E. 45th Street are more closely associated with Miller's career as a journalist for the Eagle and Sentinel as well as his early work as a lawyer primarily working on small-fee divorce and probate cases. According to city directories, Miller kept an office at 1105 E. Vernon Avenue from 1938 to at least 1941 as well as at 524 S. Spring Street in 1956. Both office buildings are now demolished. Finally, there are several commemorative properties in Los Angeles named after Miller, including the Loren Miller Elementary School at 830 W. $77^{\text {th }}$ Street and Loren Miller Recreation Center at 2717 S. Halldale Avenue; however, neither is directly associated with Miller's life or career. The property at 647 Micheltorena Street is still used as a private residence.

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Primary Photographs of Exterior/Main Façades


647 Micheltorena Street, view looking southwest


647 Micheltorena Street, view looking northwest

## Primary/Secondary Documentation



1950 Sanborn map Vol. 11 Sheet 1137 with property outlined in red


Loren Miller in circa 1930s (USC, Library Exhibits Collection)


Loren Miller (center back) in 1946 at the presentation of a $\$ 1,000$ check to the Negro College Fund (UCLA, Golden State Mutual Life Insurance Company Records)


Loren Miller (far left) in 1952 at Mayor's bombing hearing (USC, Los Angeles Examiner Negatives Collection)


Loren Miller (far right) in 1964 upon being inducted a Municipal Court judge (LAPL)


1930 U.S. Census with Miller family outlined in red


1940 U.S. Census with Miller family outlined in red

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|  | " and Miller (I J Johnson Loren Miller) lawyers 1105 E Vernon av R208 |
| $1 / 2$ | 6253 Hwood blvd <br> "\& Thomas (W P Johnson B S Thomas) mach 123 E 23d <br> " \& Wahlberg (C W Johnson (San Francisco) <br> A O Wahlberg) 426 S Spring R708 <br> Johnson's Service Station (Elwood Johnson, T M .....Bergo. P P P McGrath) $^{\mathbf{P}} 650$ Avalon blyd |

1938 Los Angeles City Directory with Miller's office outlined in red (LAPL)

Grnd FIr Atlas Letter Serv. . . . . . . . . . . . MI 5181
Main FIr John's Pipe Shop . . . . . . . . . . . VA 0310
1st Flr Butler Serv Co..... . . . . . . . . . . MU 5522
Rm 200 B \& B Leather Printers. . . . . . . MU 7616
Rm 203 Isom Geo W cutler \& grinder. . .MU 5423
Rm 204 Lucker Optical Serv. . . . . . . . MA 6-3313
Rm 205 Shepard Optical Co. . . . . . . . . . MU 6984
Rm 205 Shepard Optical Co. . . . . . . . . . . MU 6985
Serv. MU 2219
Rm 209 Bryan Mildred T Stenotype Bryan
Schools. MU 2219
Sryan Stenotype Schools........MU 2219
Rm 209 Stenograph Training Serv.. . . . . MU 2219
Stenotype Bryan Schools..........MU 2219
Rm 218 Pac Office Services. . . . . . . . . . . MU 7109
Mu 7109
Rm 225 People's Daily World newspr. . MA 6-6616
Rm 225 People's World Daily newspr. MA 6-6616
Rm 304 Weber \& Matthews hair gds . . . MU 7624
Rm 306 Reliable Optical Supply Co..... . MI 9287
Rm 308 Ibers Personnel Agency. . . . . . . MA 6-7151
Rm 309 Switzer Textile Aqcy......... . MA 6-1129
Rm 311 Maddox Edw C Miller \& Maddox
Rm 311 Maddox Edw Carter. . . . . . . . MA 5-2668
Rm 311 Miller Loren . . . . . . . . . . . . . MA 5-2668
MA 5-2668
Rm 311 Miller \& Maddox atty.........
Rm 316 Aronowitz Geo jwlry mfrs. . . . MA 6-3678
Rm 316 Westlake Sales Co.. . . . . . . . . MA 6-3678

Rm 321 Bernstein Ribbon Co. . . . . . . . . .VA 6923
Rm 321 Reliable Ribbons Bernstein Ribbon Co
VA 6923
Rm 324 Conforti Albert tlr. . . . . . . . . MA 6-0992
Rm 401 Association of Professional Ball
Players of America.TU-2726
-1033
Rm 407 United Turf Serv.......
Rm 418 Miro Creations
Rm 420 Watchmakers Union Local 115 A F L
MA 5-8191
Rm 425 Cooper \& Schuber jewlrs. . . . . . MU 7659
Rm 501 Pacific Personnel Serv. . . . . . . . MU 7109
Assn. MI 8221.
Rm 503 Pac Credit Reporting Assn. . . . . MI 8221
Rm 504 Columbia School . . . . . . . . . . . . . MI 5784
*Rm 504 (Lissner Building) . . . . . . . . MU 3660
Rm 505 Terry School of Tailoring \& Designing
MU 9428
1956 Los Angeles City Directory with Miller's office outlined in red (LAPL)

## Architect Garrott Moves Office; Takes on Partner

Announcement of the removal of his office to 672 South Lafayette Park place near Wilshire boulevard and association with Gregory Ain, Guggenheim award winner for 1940, was made this week by James H. Garrott, prominent local architect.

A practicing architect for the past 12 years, Mr. Garrott has designed numerous fine residences, apartment houses and commercial buildings throughout the eity and his environs. He has just completed plens for a $\$ 50$,000 twenty four unit apartment building for Grace F. Marquis to be built on the corner of Fifth and New Hampshire streets and
residences for prominent Angelenos, including George A. Beavers, Jr., vice president of the Golden State Mutual Life Insurance company, Attorney Loren Miller and Ruth Holloway. To his credit on the west side are the Bessie Bruce and William L. Hill residences.

Outstanding buildings in this community designed by Mr. Garrott include the Golden State office building, St. Philips Episcopal church, Mount Zion Baptist church,' Pilgrim Baptist church and many others. Many of the large open front markets throughout the county were designed by him for Gertmenian and Fitzsimmon stores.

## "Architect Garrott Moves Office; Takes on Partner." California Eagle, May 2, 1940.

## Celebrities in Spotlight As 'Sugar Hill' Trial Begins

A packed courtroom, including numerous movie celebrities and business and professional leaders-who are listed among the defendants-heard preliminary arguments by attorneys in the famous "Sugar Hill" restrictive covenant trial which opened yesterday (Wednesday) in Judge Thurmond Clark's superior Court No. 6.

The trial seems destined to last more than a month. After hearing comments from counsel, Judge Clarke adjourned until this morning (Thursday).
Yesterday afternoon, the judge and counsel for both sides inspected the premises-the swank West Adams Heights "Blueberry Hill" district-to determine the present status of the neighborhoods in question.
The tract lies between LaSalle Street and Western Avenue and between Washington and Adams Boulevards.

Attorney Loren Miller, in his opening comments, attacked the constitutionality of the covenants, insisting they are invalid on numerous technical grounds.

He also cited that these covenants, based on the theory that only persons whose 'blood is entirely of the white race" may occupy property in the restricted area, are ethnologically unwise in that most scientists agree it is
impossible to tell whether any given person's blood is "pure" and unmixed in this day and age.
Miller also indicated he will maintain that change of character in the community as well as delays in bringing the suits bar the relief sought by the various plaintiffs.
Defendants who have been served and who will be represented during the coming weeks at the trial include Louise Beavers and Hattie McDaniel, movie actresses; Dr. J. A. Somerville, prominent dentist and former head of the local NAACP; Drs. W. Bailey, W. Clyde Allen J. P. Taylor and Thomas R. Peyton, well known medicos; Horace Clark, owner of the Clark Hotel; K. C. Venerable, chain hotel owner; Lieut. Leslie King, retired U. S. Army officer; Mrs. Senola Maxwell Green, school teacher; Juan Tizol, and Russell Smith, musicians, and a number

## AN EVENING OF FUN

The 64th assembly district Democratic Club, Jakob Zeitlin, chairman, will present an elaborate program of fun and entertainment this evening (Thursday) on the second floor of the Halliburton building, 1709 West 8th street. The program will include games, quizzes, a political forum and the raffling of an original painting, attractively bound. Admission 35 cents. All invited.

## CLOTHING TAKEN

Clothing valued at $\$ 104$ was taken from the home of Samuel, 1238 E. 22nd Streęt, last Saturday, according to police.
of others equally prominent in various fields.
Numerous other public figures who also live in the same area are not effected because they occupy covenant-free lots and were not sued. Among these are Noble Sissle, band leader; Norman Houston, president of the Golden State Mutual Life Insurance Company; Ben Carter film actor, and others.
Last spring five suits were filed involving 35 other occupants of individual parcels of land and two other suits have been filed since that time. All save been consolidated for trial and will be heard at the same time. One Korean family is listed among the defendants.
"Celebrities in Spotlight as ‘Sugar Hill’ Trial Begins." California Eagle, December 6, 1945.

"Man Sentenced in Dual Slaying." Los Angeles Times, June 2, 1938.

"Matthews is assigned to case." California Eagle, August 7, 1936.
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s
"Negro Owners Win Contest on Occupancy." Los Angeles Times, December 7, 1945.

Building Permit Records

Application for the Erection of a Building
OF
CLASS "D"
To the Bour of Building and Safety Commisnlaners of the City of Los Angeles
Application in hereby made to the Board of Building and Safety Comminiloneri of the City of Lon Angeles, through the office of the Suberin-
 of the permit: noon Fin y ty That the permit does not grant any right or privilege to erect any building or other structure therein described, or any portion thereof,
 for any purpose that h, or may hereafter be prohibited by ordinance of the City of Lon Angeles.


Lot No. $\qquad$ 126 .
$\qquad$
Tract. GUEST EN

Location of Building.


1. Purpose of building.... KKSMENCEMARRQRqLamilies (Store, Residence, Apartment House, Hotel, or any/fher purport
 $\qquad$

 Phone



USE INK OR INDELIBLE PENCIL
$\qquad$

5. Licensed Engineer $\qquad$ No State
6. Contractor...
$\qquad$ License
State
$\qquad$ Phone $\qquad$
7. Contractor's address $\qquad$ 1152 \& ADAms. S.
$\qquad$ Phone C




13. Material exterior wall. Frucc.e...........Size of studs: (Exterior). $2^{\prime \prime} x^{\prime \prime}$ ". (Interior bearing) $z^{\prime \prime} \times x .4{ }^{\prime \prime}$

15. Chimney (Material) Beacisize Flue. $7 . . x .7$..No. inlets each flue../......Depth footing in ground. $/ 2$ "/

I have carefully examined and read the above completed Application and know the same is true and correct, and hereby certify and agree that if a permit is issued all the provisions of the Building Ordinance and State Laws will be complied with whether herein specified or not; I also certify that plans and specifications fled will conform to all the Building Ordinances and State Laws.

Plans, Specifications and other data must be fled $H$ required.



(1)

REINFORCED CONCRETE
Barrels of Cement.... .... ..................
Tons of Reinforcing Steel.................
(3) This building will be not less than 10 feet from any other building used for residential purposes on this lot.

Sign here.....................................
(2)

The building referred to in this Application will be more than 100 feet from

Sign Here.
(4)

There will be an pnobstructed passageway at least ten (10) feet wide, extenfing from any dwelling on lot to a Public Street or Public Allg at least 10 feet in width.
Sign Here

PLAN CHECKING
RECEIPTNO. 39.3 .7
VALUATION $\$ 1 / 500$.
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To: the Board of Building and Safety Commissioners of the City of Los Angeles:
tendent Application in hereby made to the Board of Building ind Safety Commissioners of the City of Los Angeles, through the office of the Buparinjectent of Building, for a building permit in accordance with the description and for the purpobethereinafter sat forth. Thin application is made out Sect to the following conditions, which are hereby agreed to by the undersigned applicant and whichiohalibe deemed conditionateatering into the exercise of the permit,
upon any street the permit dog not grant any right or privilege to erect any bulling or other structure therein described; or any portion thereof Second: That the perm public placesor portion hereof.
for any purpose thant is; or many hereafter be prohlbled or inriviluge to use any building or other structure therein described, or any portion thereof permit. Third: That theigranling of the permitdoest not affect or prejudice any claim of tithe to, or


## Inter tile rues.

Fill in Application on other Side and Sign Statement
(OVER)


## PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, and other data must be filed if required.

## NEW CONSTRUCTION



I have carefully exammer and read bath sides of this completed Application and know the same is true and correct and Hereby ecetiry and agree, if ofermit is issued, that all the provisions of the Building Ordinances and State Laws will be complied with whether herein plecified or not; also certify that plans and specifications, it required to be fled, will conform is of l of the provision we the building Ordinances and State laws.


FOR DEPARTMENT USE ONLY


## (1) <br> REINFORCED CONCRETE

Barrels of Cement.
Tons of Reinforcing Steel
(3) required windows will be ob-
structed.

Sign Here.
(2)

The building (and, or, addition) referred to in this Application is, or will be when moved, more than 100 feet from

Street
Sign Here.
(4)

There will be an unobstructed passageway at least ten (10) feet wide, extending from any dwelling on lot to a Public Street or Public Alley at least feet in width.

Sign Here
(Owner or 1 authorized Anent)

REMARKS:
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Application to Alter, Repair, Move or Demolish


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 permit. REMOVED FROM

Lot.... .
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Lat REMOVED TO
-

Tract...


1. Purpose of PRESENT building.......

2. Use of building AFTER alteration or moving.. Resccence...Familie: I
3. Owner (Print Name)., oren
oren Miller........
4. Owner's Address..... 6.4 .7 Mich. el torn a $\$ 7$. $\qquad$
5. Certificated Architect.
6. Licensed Engineer.
7. Contractor
8. Contractor's Address.

 ..Phone .. $\qquad$ ...

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$\qquad$ state - Lifers 110. State License Na

9. VALUATION OF PROPOSED WORK


10. Size of existing buildime................Number of stories forch...2...Feight to highest point............
 $\qquad$ Describe briefly and fully all proposed construction and work:
$\qquad$


PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, and other data must be filed if required.
NEW CONSTRUCTION



Size of Exterior Studs...........................................Size of Interior Bearing Studs.

I have carefully examined and read both sides of this completed Application and know the same is true and correct and hereby certify and agree, if a Permit is issued, that all the provisions of the Building Ordinances and State Laws will be to all of the provisions of the Building Ordinances and State laws.

Sign Here. $\qquad$
(Owner or Authorized Arent)
By. $\qquad$
FOR DEPARTMENT USE ONLY

(1)

REINFORCED CONCRETE
Barrels of Cement.
Tons of Reinforcing Steel...... ......... ...
(3)

No required windows will be obstructed.
 (Owner or Authorised Agent)


Mucheltorena strut

The building (and, or, addition) referred to in this Application is, or will be when moved, more than 100 feet from

(4)

There will be an unobstructed passageway at least ten (10) feet wide, extending from any dwelling on lot to a Public Street or Public Alley at least 10 feet in width.

Sign Here. Orem "On
(Owner or Authorized Ament)

REMARKS:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


6. Certificated Architect.
...... State
7. Licensed mistrieer
8. Contractor......... Cunciver
9. Contractor's Address.
11. State how many buildings NOW on lot and give use of each.
12. Size of existing building. Rox, Number of stories high 13. Material Exterior Walls. $\qquad$ M
$\qquad$

Phone.
Phone. 14. Rescribe briefly all proposed construction, and work:

## NEW CONSTRUCTION



 I hereby certify that tot the best of my knowledge and belief the above application is correct". andethit this building or construction work will comply with all laws, and that in the doing of the work authorized thereby I will not employ any person in violation of the Labor Code of the

Stat


-
(25 5
$\qquad$
ARTM




| Bldg-Addition <br> 1 or 2 Family Dwelling Plan Check at Counter Plan Check | City of Los Angeles - Department of Building and Safety APPLICATION FOR BUILDING PERMIT AND CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY |  |  | Last Status: Ready to Issue <br> Status Date: 08/01/2006 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. TRACT BLOCK | $\underline{\text { LOT(s) }}$ | ARB | COUNTY MAP REF\# | PARCEL ID \# (PIN \#) | 2.ASSESSOR PARCEL\# |
| WEST END OCEAN VIEW ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 126 |  | M B 8-66/67 | 141A201 186 | 5401-008-024 |


| 3. PARCEL INFORMATION |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Area Planning Commission - East Los Angeles |  | Census Tract - 1958.01 | Hillside Ordinance - Y |  |
| LADBS Branch Office - LA |  | Census Tract - 1959.00 | Methane Hazard Site | fer Zone |
| Council District - 13 |  | District Map - 141A201 | Near Source Zone Dis |  |
| Certified Neighborhood Council - Silver Lake |  | Energy Zone - 9 | School Within 500 Fo |  |
| Community Plan Area - Silver Lake - Echo Park - Elysia Hillside Grading Area - YES |  |  | Thomas Brothers Map |  |
| zone(S): RD2-1VL/ |  |  |  |  |
| Fil |  |  |  |  |
| (i) | ORD - ORD-165167-SA6175 |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORD - ORD-165167-SA6175 } \\ & \text { CPC - CPC-1986-255 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 0 | CDBG - LARZ-Central City |  |  |  |
| (\%) |  |  |  |  |
| (i) | 5. CHECKLISTITEMS |  |  |  |
| And |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{P}, 1$ |  |  |  |  |
| (i) |  |  |  |  |
| ( | 6. PROPERTY OWNER, TENANT, APPLICANT INFORMATION |  |  |  |
| (li) | Owner(s): <br> Gonzalez, Edgar R And Eugenia E | 647 Micheltorena St | LOS ANGELES CA 90026 | 3234453635 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 揇, | Tenant: <br> Applicant: (Relationship: Agent for Contractor) |  |  |  |
| (i) |  |  | WALNUT CA 9178 |  |
| 6in | Marcelo Blas - | 786 Pinefalls Ave. | WALNUT, CA 91789 | (909) 594-7547 |
| $\mathrm{stal}_{1}$ |  |  |  |  |


| 7.EXISTING USE | PROPOSED USE |
| :--- | :--- |
| (01) Dwelling - Single Family |  |
| (07) Garage - Private |  | | (01) Dwelling - Single Family |
| :--- |
| (07) Garage - Private |
| (23) Patio Cover |$\quad$| 8. DESCRIPTION OF WORK |
| :--- |
| PROPOSE 12'X19' ATTACHED PATIO COVER_PER STANDARD PLAN \#112 |




PERMIT EXPIRATION/REFUNDS: This permit expires two years after the date of the permit issuance. This permit will also expire if no construction work is performed for a continuous period of 180 days (Sec. 98.0602 LAMC ). Claims for refund of fees paid must be filed within one year from the date of expiration for permits granted by LADBS (Sec. 22.12 \& 22.13 LAMC). The permitee may be entitled to reimbursement of permit fees if the Department fails to conduct an inspection within 60 days of receiving a request for final inspection (HS 17951 ).
17. LICENSED CONTRACTOR'S DECLARATION

I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that I am licensed under the provisions of Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code, and my license is in full force and effect. The following applies to B contractors only: I understand the limitations of Section 7057 of the Business and Professional Code related to my ability to take prime contracts or subcontracts involving specialty trades.

License Class:
B Lac. No.:
471619

## Contractor: WEST COAST CUSTOM ROOMS

I hereby affirm, under penalty of perjury, one of the following declarations:
. I have and will maintain a certificate of consent to self insure for workers' compensation, as provided for by Section 3700 of the Labor Code, for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued.
. I have and will maintain workers' compensation insurance, as required by Section 3700 of the Labor Code, for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued. My workers' compensation insurance carrier and policy number are:
Carrier: Clarendon NI. Ins. Co. Policy Number

01 KR 0032690
. I certify that in the performance of the work for which this permit is issued, I shall not employ any person in any manner so as to become subject to the workers' compensation laws of California, and agree that if I should become subject to the workers' compensation provisions of Section 3700 of the Labor Code, I shall forthwith comply with those provisions.
WARNING: FAILURE TO SECURE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COVERAGE IS UNLAWFUL, AND SHALL SUBJECT AN EMPLOYER TO CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND CIVIL FINES UP TO ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS $(\$ 100,000)$, IN ADDITION TO THE COST OF COMPENSATION, DAMAGES AS PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 3706 OF THE LABOR CODE, INTEREST, AND ATTORNEY'S FEES.
19. ASBESTOS REMOVAL DECLARATION / LEAD HAZARD WARNING
I certify that notification of asbestos removal is either not applicable or has been submitted to the AQMD or EPA as per section 19827.5 of the Health and Safety Code. Information is available at (909) 396-2336 and the notification form at www.aqmd.gov. Lead safe construction practices are required when doing repairs that disturb paint in pre-1978 buildings due to the presence of lead per section 6716 and 6717 of the Labor Code. Information is avaiable at Health Services for LA County at (800) 524-5323 or the State of California at (800) 597-5323 or www.dhs.ca.gov/childlead.

## 20. CONSTRUCTION LENDING AGENCY DECLARATION

I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that there is a construction lending agency for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued (Sec. 3097, Civil Code). Lender's name (if any): Lender's address:
 comply with all city and county ordinances and state laws relating to building construction, and hereby authorize representatives of this city to enter upon the above-mentioned property for inspection purposes. I realize that this permit is an application for inspection and that it does not approve or authorize the work specified herein, and it does not authorize or permit any violation or failure to comply with any applicable law. Furthermore, neither the City of Los Angeles nor any board, department officer, or employee thereof, make any warranty, nor shall be responsible for the performance or results of any work described herein, nor the condition of the property nor the soil upon which such work is performed. I further affirm under penalty of perjury, that the proposed work will not destroy or unreasonably interfere with any access or utility easement belonging to others and located on my property, but in the event such work does destroy or unreasonably interfere with such easement, a substitute easements) satisfactory to the holder (s) of the easement will be provided (Sec. 91.0106.4.3.4 LAMC).

## By signing below, I certify that:

(1) I accept all the declarations above namely the Licensed Contractor's Declaration, Workers' Compensation Declaration, Asbestos Removal Declaration / Lead Hazard Warming, Construction Lending Agency Declaration and Final Declaration; and
(2) This permit is being obtained with the consent of the legal owner of the property.

Print Name:
MARCELO BLtS
Sign: $C$


| Bldg-Addition | City of Los Angeles - Department of Building and Safety | Plan Check \#: B06VN10505 |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 1 or 2 Family Dwelling |  | Initiating Office: VAN NUYS |
| Plan Check | PLOT PLAN ATTACHMENT | Printed on: 07/25/06 13:59:43 |




## Zimas Parcel Report



PROPERTY ADDRESSES
647 N MICHELTORENA ST

ZIP CODES
90026

RECENT ACTIVITY
None

CASE NUMBERS
CPC-1986-255
ORD-165167-SA6175
ORD-129279

## 2/3/2022 <br> PARCEL PROFILE REPORT

# Los Angeles 

Address/Legal Information
PIN Number
141A201 186
Lot/Parcel Area (Calculated)
Thomas Brothers Grid
8,065.6 (sq ft)
PAGE 594 - GRID B7
Assessor Parcel No. (APN) 5401008024
Tract
Map Reference M B 8-66/67
Block None
Lot
126
Arb (Lot Cut Reference) None
Map Sheet 141A201

|  | 141 A203 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdictional Information |  |
| Community Plan Area | Silver Lake - Echo Park - Elysian Valley |
| Area Planning Commission | East Los Angeles |
| Neighborhood Council | Silver Lake |
| Council District | CD 13-Mitch O'Farrell |
| Census Tract \# | 1959.03 |
| LADBS District Office | Los Angeles Metro |
| Permitting and Zoning Compliance Information |  |

Permitting and Zoning Compliance Information

| Administrative Review | None |
| :--- | :--- |
| Planning and Zoning Information | None |
| Special Notes | RD2-1VL |
| Zoning | None |
| Zoning Information (ZI) | Low Medium II Residential |
| General Plan Land Use | Yes |
| General Plan Note(s) | No |
| Hillside Area (Zoning Code) | None |
| Specific Plan Area | None |
| Subarea | None |
| Special Land Use / Zoning | No |
| Historic Preservation Review | None |
| Historic Preservation Overlay Zone | None |
| Other Historic Designations | None |
| Other Historic Survey Information | None |
| Mills Act Contract | None |
| CDO: Community Design Overlay | None |
| CPIO: Community Plan Imp. Overlay | None |
| Subarea | None |
| CUGU: Clean Up-Green Up | No |
| HCR: Hillside Construction Regulation | No |
| NSO: Neighborhood Stabilization Overlay | None |
| POD: Pedestrian Oriented Districts | None |
| RFA: Residential Floor Area District | No |
| RIO: River Implementation Overlay | No |
| SN: Sign District | No |
| Streetscape |  |


| Adaptive Reuse Incentive Area | None |
| :---: | :---: |
| Affordable Housing Linkage Fee |  |
| Residential Market Area | Medium-High |
| Non-Residential Market Area | High |
| Transit Oriented Communities (TOC) | Not Eligible |
| RPA: Redevelopment Project Area | None |
| Central City Parking | No |
| Downtown Parking | No |
| Building Line | None |
| 500 Ft School Zone | No |
| 500 Ft Park Zone | No |
| Assessor Information |  |
| Assessor Parcel No. (APN) | 5401008024 |
| Ownership (Assessor) |  |
| Owner1 | GONZALEZ,EDGAR AND EUGENIA TRS GONZALEZ FAMILY TRUST |
| Address | 647 MICHELTORENA ST LOS ANGELES CA 90026 |
| Ownership (Bureau of Engineering, Land Records) |  |
| Owner | GONZALEZ, EDGAR R GONZALEZ, EUGENIA E |
| Address | 647 MICHELTORENA ST LOS ANGELES CA 90026 |
| APN Area (Co. Public Works)* | 0.185 (ac) |
| Use Code | 0100-Residential - Single Family Residence |
| Assessed Land Val. | \$194,256 |
| Assessed Improvement Val. | \$71,584 |
| Last Owner Change | 04/09/2018 |
| Last Sale Amount | \$9 |
| Tax Rate Area | 13 |
| Deed Ref No. (City Clerk) | 925053 |
|  | 92007 |
|  | 847919 |
|  | 796790 |
|  | 327881 |
|  | 1855346 |
|  | 146600 |
|  | 0338511 |
| Building 1 |  |
| Year Built | 1940 |
| Building Class | D7D |
| Number of Units | 1 |
| Number of Bedrooms | 2 |
| Number of Bathrooms | 2 |
| Building Square Footage | 1,972.0 (sq ft) |
| Building 2 | No data for building 2 |
| Building 3 | No data for building 3 |
| Building 4 | No data for building 4 |
| Building 5 | No data for building 5 |
| Rent Stabilization Ordinance (RSO) | No [APN: 5401008024] |
| Additional Information |  |
| Airport Hazard | None |
| Coastal Zone | None |
| Farmland | Area Not Mapped |
| Urban Agriculture Incentive Zone | YES |
| Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone | No |
| Fire District No. 1 | No |


| Flood Zone | Outside Flood Zone |
| :---: | :---: |
| Watercourse | No |
| Hazardous Waste / Border Zone Properties | No |
| Methane Hazard Site | Methane Buffer Zone |
| High Wind Velocity Areas | No |
| Special Grading Area (BOE Basic Grid Map A13372) | Yes |
| Wells | None |
| Seismic Hazards |  |
| Active Fault Near-Source Zone |  |
| Nearest Fault (Distance in km) | 1.1714988 |
| Nearest Fault (Name) | Upper Elysian Park |
| Region | Los Angeles Blind Thrusts |
| Fault Type | B |
| Slip Rate (mm/year) | 1.30000000 |
| Slip Geometry | Reverse |
| Slip Type | Poorly Constrained |
| Down Dip Width (km) | 13.00000000 |
| Rupture Top | 3.00000000 |
| Rupture Bottom | 13.00000000 |
| Dip Angle (degrees) | 50.00000000 |
| Maximum Magnitude | 6.40000000 |
| Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone | No |
| Landslide | No |
| Liquefaction | No |
| Preliminary Fault Rupture Study Area | No |
| Tsunami Inundation Zone | No |
| Economic Development Areas |  |
| Business Improvement District | None |
| Hubzone | Not Qualified |
| Opportunity Zone | No |
| Promise Zone | None |
| State Enterprise Zone | None |
| Housing |  |
| Direct all Inquiries to | Los Angeles Housing Department |
| Telephone | (866) 557-7368 |
| Website | https://housing.lacity.org |
| Rent Stabilization Ordinance (RSO) | No [APN: 5401008024] |
| Ellis Act Property | No |
| AB 1482: Tenant Protection Act | See Notes |
| Assessor Parcel No. (APN) | 5401008024 |
| Address | 647 MICHELTORENA ST |
| Year Built | 1940 |
| Use Code | 0100-Residential - Single Family Residence |
| Notes | The property is subject to AB 1482 only if the owner is a corporation, limited liability company, or a real estate investment trust. |
| Public Safety |  |
| Police Information |  |
| Bureau | Central |
| Division / Station | Rampart |
| Reporting District | 204 |
| Fire Information |  |
| Bureau | Central |
| Batallion | 11 |
| District / Fire Station | 6 |

Note: Information for case summaries is retrieved from the Planning Department's Plan Case Tracking System (PCTS) database.

| Case Number: | CPC-1986-255 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Required Action(s): | Data Not Available |
| Project Descriptions(s): | AB-283 PROGRAM - GENERAL PLAN/ZONE CONSISTENCY - SILVER LAKE AREA - COMMUNITY WIDE ZONE CHANGES AND |
|  | COMMUNITY PLAN CHANGES TOBRING THE ZONING INTO CONSISTENCY WITH THE COMMUNITY PLAN. INCLUDES |
|  | CHANGES OF HEIGHT AS NEEDED. REQUIRED BY COURT AS PART OF SETTLEMENT IN THE HILLSIDE FEDERATION |
|  | LAWSUIT |
|  | CONTINUATION OF CPC-86-255. SEE GENERAL COMMENTS FOR CONTINUATION. |

## DATA NOT AVAILABLE

ORD-165167-SA6175
ORD-129279


Address: 647 N MICHELTORENA ST

APN: 5401008024
PIN \#: 141A201 186

Tract: WEST END OCEAN VIEW TRACT
Block: None
Lot: 126
Arb: None

Zoning: RD2-1VL
General Plan: Low Medium II Residential


## LEGEND

## GENERALIZED ZONING

OS, GW
A, RA
RE, RS, R1, RU, RZ, RW1
R2, RD, RMP, RW2, R3, RAS, R4, R5, PVSP
CR, C1, C1.5, C2, C4, C5, CW, WC, ADP, LASED, CEC, USC, PPSP, MU, NMU
CM, MR, CCS, UV, UI, UC, M1, M2, LAX, M3, SL, HJ, HR, NI
P, PB
PF

## GENERAL PLAN LAND USE

LAND USE

## RESIDENTIAL

Minimum Residential
Very Low / Very Low I Residential
::::!:: Very Low II Residential
Low / Low I ResidentialLow II Residential
Low Medium / Low Medium I Residential
Low Medium II Residential
Medium Residential
High Medium Residential
High Density Residential
Very High Medium Residential
COMMERCIAL
AMV Limited Commercial
Limited Commercial - Mixed Medium Residential
Highway Oriented Commercial
Highway Oriented and Limited Commercial
\% Highway Oriented Commercial - Mixed Medium Residential
Neighborhood Office Commercial
Community Commercial
Community Commercial -Mixed High Residential
VIIA Regional Center Commercial

## FRAMEWORK

COMMERCIAL
Neighborhood Commercial
General Commercial
Community Commercial
\%
Regional Mixed Commercial

INDUSTRIAL
Commercial Manufacturing
Limited Manufacturing
Light Manufacturing
Heavy Manufacturing
Hybrid Industrial
PARKING
Parking Buffer
PORT OF LOS ANGELES

General / Bulk Cargo - Non Hazardous (Industrial / Commercial)
General / Bulk Cargo - Hazard
Commercial Fishing
Recreation and Commercial
Intermodal Container Transfer Facility Site
LOS ANGELES INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
Airport Landside / Airport Landside Support
Airport Airside
LAX Airport Northside
OPEN SPACE / PUBLIC FACILITIES
Open Space
:!:::: Public / Open Space
::::: Public / Quasi-Public Open Space
O:::: Other Public Open Space
Public Facilities

## INDUSTRIAL

Limited Industrial
Light Industrial

## CIRCULATION

## STREET

|  | Collector Scenic Street |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Collector Street |
|  | Collector Street（Hillside） |
|  | Collector Street（Modified） |
|  | Collector Street（Proposed） |
|  | Country Road |
|  | Divided Major Highway II |
| $\varlimsup$ ¢ $\varlimsup$ Divided Secondary Scenic Highway |  |
|  | Local Scenic Road |
|  | Local Street |
|  | Major Highway（Modified） |
|  | Major Highway I |
|  | Major Highway II |
|  | Major Highway II（Modified） |

## FREEWAYS

工＿Freeway<br>—— Interchange<br>—— On－Ramp／Off－Ramp<br>Railroad<br>$\ldots$ Scenic Freeway Highway

## MISC．LINES

| Airport Boundary |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| ．－．．．．．．－Bus Line |  |
|  | Coastal Zone Boundary |
| Coastline Boundary |  |
| $\ldots . . . . \cdots$ Collector Scenic Street（Proposed） |  |
| $\square \square \square$ Commercial Areas |  |
| －！－！－Commercial Center |  |
| $\ldots$ Community Redevelopment Project Area |  |
| Country Road |  |
| $\times \times \times *$ DWP Power Lines |  |
| ム Desirable Open Space |  |
| －．Detached Single Family House |  |
| ．．．．．．Endangered Ridgeline |  |
|  |  |
| Hiking Trail |  |
| ．．．．．．Historical Preservation |  |
| $=$ Horsekeeping Area |  |
|  | Local Street |


－－・ー・• MSA Desirable Open Space
$0=$ Major Scenic Controls
Multi－Purpose Trail
பார Natural Resource Reserve
－－－－－Park Road
－－－Park Road（Proposed）
－Quasi－Public
＂＂＂＂＂＂＂＂＂＂＂＂Rapid Transit Line
＂．＂．＂．＂．＂！＂Residential Planned Development
－－－Scenic Highway（Obsolete）
－－Secondary Scenic Controls
－．．Secondary Scenic Highway（Proposed）
－－－－－－－－Site Boundary
$\otimes$ Southern California Edison Power
＂－＂－＝－Special Study Area
．．．．．Specific Plan Area
－•－• Stagecoach Line
Wildlife Corridor

## POINTS OF INTEREST

| （6） | Alternative Youth Hostel（Proposed） |  | Horticultural Center |  | Public Elementary School |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc$ | Animal Shelter |  | Hospital | E | Public Elementary School（Proposed） |
| nim | Area Library |  | Hospital（Proposed） | 1 | Public Golf Course |
| 鹵 | Area Library（Proposed） |  | W House of Worship | 1. | Public Golf Course（Proposed） |
| 雨 | Bridge |  | Important Ecological Area | $\square$ | Public Housing |
| $\wedge$ | Campground | C | Important Ecological Area（Proposed） | （1） | Public Housing（Proposed Expansion） |
| \} | Campground（Proposed） | $\bigcirc$ | Interpretive Center（Proposed） | ${ }_{\text {J }} \mathrm{H}$ | Public Junior High School |
| （40） | Cemetery |  | Junior College | ${ }^{\text {JH }}$ | Public Junior High School（Proposed） |
| HW | Church |  | MTA／Metrolink Station | M ${ }_{\text {MS }}$ | Public Middle School |
| 1 | City Hall |  | MTA Station | St | Public Senior High School |
| 网 | Community Center |  | MTA Stop | SH | Public Senior High School（Proposed） |
| IIM | Community Library |  | D MWD Headquarters | 区 | Pumping Station |
| （11） | Community Library（Proposed Expansion） |  | －Maintenance Yard | 可 | Pumping Station（Proposed） |
| ［11 | Community Library（Proposed） |  | －Municipal Office Building |  | Refuse Collection Center |
| X ${ }^{*}$ | Community Park |  | Municipal Parking lot | Lut | Regional Library |
| （＊x） | Community Park（Proposed Expansion） |  | Neighborhood Park | （10） | Regional Library（Proposed Expansion） |
| X＊ | Community Park（Proposed） |  | Neighborhood Park（Proposed Expansion） | 100 | Regional Library（Proposed） |
| 空 | Community Transit Center | X | Neighborhood Park（Proposed） | 权 | Regional Park |
| $+$ | Convalescent Hospital |  | Oil Collection Center |  | Regional Park（Proposed） |
| ＊ | Correctional Facility | © | Parking Enforcement | RPD | Residential Plan Development |
| ＊ | Cultural／Historic Site（Proposed） |  | Police Headquarters | － | Scenic View Site |
| ＊ | Cultural／Historical Site |  | Police Station | － | Scenic View Site（Proposed） |
| ＊ | Cultural Arts Center |  | Police Station（Proposed Expansion） |  | School District Headquarters |
| DMv | DMV Office |  | Police Station（Proposed） | sc | School Unspecified Loc／Type（Proposed） |
| DWP | DWP |  | Police Training site | ＊ | Skill Center |
| ${ }_{17}^{14}$ | DWP Pumping Station | PO | Post Office | ss | Social Services |
| \％ | Equestrian Center | \％ | Power Distribution Station | ＊ | Special Feature |
|  | Fire Department Headquarters | 3 | Power Distribution Station（Proposed） | 脊 | Special Recreation（a） |
| $\stackrel{0}{9}$ | Fire Station | \％ | Power Receiving Station | SF | Special School Facility |
| $\theta$ | Fire Station（Proposed Expansion） | （ | Power Receiving Station（Proposed） | $\stackrel{\sim}{\text { SF }}$ | Special School Facility（Proposed） |
| \％ | Fire Station（Proposed） |  | Private College | $\pm$ | Steam Plant |
| A | Fire Supply \＆Maintenance | E | Private Elementary School |  | Surface Mining |
| 盛 | Fire Training Site |  | ）Private Golf Course | ＋ | Trail \＆Assembly Area |
| 2 | Fireboat Station | $\lambda$ | ］Private Golf Course（Proposed） |  | Trail \＆Assembly Area（Proposed） |
|  | Health Center／Medical Facility | JH | H Private Junior High School |  | Utility Yard |
| － | Helistop | PS | S Private Pre－School | － | Water Tank Reservoir |
| $\cdots$ | Historic Monument | （x） | （x）Private Recreation \＆Cultural Facility | 2 | Wildlife Migration Corridor |
| 侖 | Historical／Cultural Monument | SH | H Private Senior High School | $\sim$ | Wildlife Preserve Gate |
| 7 | Horsekeeping Area |  | F Private Special School |  |  |
| $\pi$ | Horsekeeping Area（Proposed） |  | Public Elementary（Proposed Expansion） |  |  |

## SCHOOLS/PARKS WITH 500 FT. BUFFER

Existing School/Park Site
Planned School/Park Site
-
Inside 500 Ft. Buffer


## COASTAL ZONE

Coastal Commission Permit Area
Dual Permit Jurisdiction Area
Single Permit Jurisdiction Area
Not in Coastal Zone

TRANSIT ORIENTED COMMUNITIES (TOC)

| Tier 1 | $\square$ Tier 3 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tier 2 | $\square$ | Tier 4 |

## WAIVER OF DEDICATION OR IMPROVEMENT

Public Work Approval (PWA)
Waiver of Dedication or Improvement (WDI)

## OTHER SYMBOLS

| - Lot Line | Airport Hazard Zone | Flood Zone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tract Line | Census Tract | Hazardous Waste |
| - Lot Cut | Coastal Zone | High Wind Zone |
| - Easement | Council District | Hillside Grading |
| --- Zone Boundary | LADBS District Office | Historic Preservation Overlay Zone |
| - Building Line | Downtown Parking | Specific Plan Area |
| - Lot Split | Fault Zone | Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone |
| Community Driveway | Fire District No. 1 | Wells |
| Building Outlines 2014 | Tract Map |  |
| --- Building Outlines 2008 | Parcel Map |  |Airport Hazard Zone

Census Tract
Coastal Zone
Council District
LADBS District Office
Downtown Parking
Fault Zone
Fire District No. 1
Tract Map
Parcel Map


[^0]:    DISTRIBUTION: County Clerk, Agency Record

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS), Building Permit No. LA27853, December 19, 1941; LADBS, Building Permit No. LA54023, February 9, 1953; LADBS, Building Permit No. LA68904, April 16, 1957.
    ${ }^{2}$ LADBS, Building Permit No. 06014-20000-06766, August 1, 2006.

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ Amina Hassan, Loren Miller: Civil Rights Attorney and Journalist (Norman, OK: University of Oklahoma Press, 2015). This Statement of Significance was primarily drawn from Hassan's biography unless otherwise noted.
    ${ }^{4}$ Kenneth W. Mack, Representing Race: The Creation of the Civil Rights Lawyer (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 2012); Douglas Flamming, Bound for Freedom: Black Los Angeles in Jim Crow America (Berkeley, CA: University of California Press, 2005); and Josh Sides, L.A. City Limits, African American Los Angeles from the Great Depression to the Present (Berkeley, CA: University of California Press, 2003).
    ${ }^{5}$ Hassan, 17.
    ${ }^{6}$ Mack, 183.
    ${ }^{7}$ Hassan, 37.

[^3]:    ${ }^{8}$ Ancestry.com, United States Census Bureau, 1930.
    ${ }^{9}$ Leon H. Washington, Jr. (1907-1974) is notable as the founder and publisher of the Los Angeles Sentinel. For more information, see GPA Consulting (GPA) and Alison Rose Jefferson, "African American History of Los Angeles," Los Angeles Citywide Historic Context Statement (Los Angeles Office of Historic Resources, February 2018), 125.
    ${ }^{10}$ Mack, 187.
    ${ }^{11}$ James Mercer Langston Hughes (1901-1967) was an American poet, novelist, playwright, journalist, and social activist as well as an important figure of the Harlem Renaissance. Hughes and Miller were close lifelong friends.
    ${ }^{12}$ Mack, 189.
    ${ }^{13}$ Mack, 191.
    ${ }^{14}$ Hassan, 103.
    ${ }^{15}$ Mack, 191.

[^4]:    16 "Matthews is assigned to case," California Eagle, August 7, 1936.
    17 "Man Sentenced in Dual Slaying," Los Angeles Times, June 2, 1938.
    ${ }^{18}$ For more information, please see the "Deed Restriction and Segregation" theme within the "African American History of Los Angeles" context. GPA and Jefferson, 40-51.
    ${ }^{19}$ LADBS, Building Permit No. LA31942, August 13, 1940.
    20 "Five Black Architects Who Helped Shape L.A.'s Mid-Century Style!," Los Angeles Conservancy, accessed June 6, 2021, https://laconservancy.tumblr.com/post/644134020445323264/five-black-architects-who-helped-shape-las.
    21 "Architect Garrott Moves Office; Takes on Partner," California Eagle, May 2, 1940.
    ${ }^{22}$ LADBS, Building Permit No. LA27951, July 17, 1940.
    ${ }^{23}$ GPA and Jefferson, 41.

[^5]:    24 "Celebrities in Spotlight as 'Sugar Hill' Trial Begins," California Eagle, December 6, 1945.
    25 "Negro Owners Win Contest on Occupancy," Los Angeles Times, December 7, 1945.
    ${ }^{26}$ Thurgood Marshall (1908-1993) was a prominent lawyer and activist of the Civil Rights movement and served as first African American Supreme Court justice.
    27 "Missouri: The Shelley House," National Park Service, accessed June 6, 2021,
    https://www.nps.gov/places/missouri-the-shelley-house-I.htm.
    ${ }^{28}$ Abraham Lincoln Wirin (1900-1978), known commonly as A.L. Wirin, was an attorney for the Southern California chapter of the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU).

